BEFORE THE ARIZONA MEDICAL BOARD

In the Matter of

BALBIR C. SHARMA, M.D.

Holder of License No. 14499
For the Practice of Allopathic Medicine
In the State of Arizona.

Case No. MD-18-1202A

INTERIM CONSENT AGREEMENT FOR PRACTICE RESTRICTION

INTERIM CONSENT AGREEMENT

Balbir C. Sharma, M.D. ("Respondent") elects to permanently waive any right to a hearing and appeal with respect to this Interim Consent Agreement for Practice Restriction and consents to the entry of this Order by the Arizona Medical Board ("Board").

INTERIM FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Board is the duly constituted authority for the regulation and control of the practice of allopathic medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 2. Respondent is the holder of License No. 14499 for the practice of allopathic medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 3. The Board initiated case number MD-18-1202A after receiving a complaint regarding Respondent's care and treatment of a 57 year-old male patient ("RA") who was seen in Respondent's private office-based practice in Tempe, alleging inappropriate prescribing and medication management; failure to properly examine patient; and failure to maintain adequate records.
- 4. In addition to his private practice, Respondent also practices at Arizona State Hospital, which utilizes a team approach to the practice of medicine.
- 5. RA was an established patient of Respondent's office with a history of opioid dependence and anxiety disorder, for which Respondent prescribed RA Suboxone 8mg/2mg daily and Lexapro 20mg daily. Beginning with RA's September 15, 2015 visit

through November 28, 2018 Respondent documented telephonic encounters with RA, and continued to prescribe him Suboxone.

- 6. BD was a 40 year-old female who was an established patient of Respondent's office. BD had a past medical history of opioid dependence, anxiety, depression, and attention deficit disorder ("ADD") for which Respondent' prescribed BD medications including lorazepam 0.5mg daily, Suboxone 2/0.5mg 2 films daily, and Adderall 20mg three times daily.
- 7. SN was a 53 year-old female who was an established patient of Respondent's office. SN had a past medical history of anxiety, depression, and ADD for which Respondent prescribed medications including clonazepam 1mg three times daily, Adderall 20mg three times daily, and trazodone 300mg daily.
- 8. EB was a 28 year-old male who was an established patient of Respondent's office. Respondent prescribed EB medications including Suboxone 8/2 mg twice daily.
- 9. Patient Doe was a 64 year-old female patient who was a member of Respondent's immediate family. Patient Doe had a past medical history of depression, diabetes type 2, left sided hemiplegia status-post stroke, and dysthymic disorder. Respondent prescribed Patient Doe medications including Depakote ER 500mg twice daily, phenytoin 50mg daily, Baclofen 10mg three times daily, Celexa 40mg daily, Remeron 30mg at night, and Vimpat.
- 10. A Medical Consultant ("MC") reviewed Respondent's care and treatment and identified deviations from the standard of care including prescribing Suboxone to patient RA without appropriate medical management, and to Patient EB without adequate clinical rationale. The MC additionally identified deviations in that Respondent prescribed controlled substances over an extended period of time to an immediate family member, and by prescribing a combination of Suboxone, benzodiazepines and Adderall to patient

PD without clinical rationale. Lastly, the MC opined that Respondent deviated from the standard of care by providing early refills without adequate justification to patients BD, SN, and EB.

- 11. There was potential for patient harm to all patients in that the patients were at unreasonable risk of adverse interactions from the controlled substances prescribed by Respondent.
- 12. The aforementioned information was presented to the investigative staff, the medical consultant and the lead Board member. All reviewed the information and concur that the interim consent agreement to restrict Respondent's practice is appropriate.
- 13. The investigation into this matter is pending and will be forwarded to the Board promptly upon completion for review and action.

INTERIM CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Board possesses jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof and over Respondent.
- 2. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1405(C)(25) the Executive Director has authority to enter into a consent agreement when there is evidence of danger to the public health and safety.
- 3. Pursuant to A.A.C. R4-16-504, the Executive Director may enter into an interim consent agreement when there is evidence that a restriction is needed to mitigate imminent danger to the public's health and safety. Investigative staff, the Board's medical consultant and the lead Board member have reviewed the case and concur that an interim consent agreement is appropriate.

INTERIM ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1. Respondent is prohibited from engaging in private and/or solo practice of

medicine in the State of Arizona as set forth in A.R.S. § 32-1401(22) until the outcome of a formal hearing and/or formal interview in this matter. Respondent may continue to practice at Arizona State Hospital.

- 2. Respondent may request, in writing, release and/or modification of this Interim Consent Agreement. Respondent's request must be accompanied by information demonstrating that Respondent is safe to practice medicine. The Executive Director, in consultation with and agreement of the lead Board member and the Chief Medical Consultant, has the discretion to determine whether it is appropriate to release Respondent from this Interim Consent Agreement.
- The Board retains jurisdiction and may initiate new action based upon any violation of this Interim Consent Agreement, including, but not limited to, summarily suspending Respondent's license.
- 4. Because this is an Interim Consent Agreement and not a final decision by the Board regarding the pending investigation, it is subject to further consideration by the Board. Once the investigation is complete, it will be promptly provided to the Board for its review and appropriate action.
- 5. This Interim Consent Agreement shall be effective on the date signed by the Board's Executive Director.

DATED this <u>30</u> day of	December, 2020.	
Α	RIZONA MEDICAL BOARD	
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	Patricia E. McSorley	

RECITALS

Respondent understands and agrees that:

- 1. The Board, through its Executive Director, may adopt this Interim Consent Agreement, or any part thereof, pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1405(C)(25) and A.A.C. R4-16-504.
- 2. Respondent has read and understands this Interim Consent Agreement as set forth herein, and has had the opportunity to discuss this Interim Consent Agreement with an attorney or has waived the opportunity to discuss this Interim Consent Agreement with an attorney. Respondent voluntarily enters into this Interim Consent Agreement and by doing so agrees to abide by all of its terms and conditions.
- 3. By entering into this Interim Consent Agreement, Respondent freely and voluntarily relinquishes all rights to an administrative hearing on the matters set forth herein, as well as all rights of rehearing, review, reconsideration, appeal, judicial review or any other administrative and/or judicial action, concerning the matters related to the Interim Consent Agreement.
- 4. Respondent understands that this Interim Consent Agreement does not constitute a dismissal or resolution of this matter or any matters that may be currently pending before the Board and does not constitute any waiver, express or implied, of the Board's statutory authority or jurisdiction regarding this or any other pending or future investigations, actions, or proceedings. Respondent also understands that acceptance of this Interim Consent Agreement does not preclude any other agency, subdivision, or officer of this State from instituting civil or criminal proceedings with respect to the conduct that is the subject of this Interim Consent Agreement. Respondent further does not

relinquish Respondent's rights to an administrative hearing, rehearing, review, reconsideration, judicial review or any other administrative and/or judicial action, concerning the matters related to a final disposition of this matter, unless Respondent affirmatively does so as part of the final resolution of this matter.

- 5. Respondent acknowledges and agrees that upon signing this Interim Consent Agreement and returning it to the Board's Executive Director, Respondent may not revoke Respondent's acceptance of this Interim Consent Agreement or make any modifications to it. Any modification of this original document is ineffective and void unless mutually approved by the parties in writing.
- 6. Respondent understands that this Interim Consent Agreement shall not become effective unless and until it is signed by the Board's Executive Director.
- 7. Respondent understands and agrees that if the Board's Executive Director does not adopt this Interim Consent Agreement, Respondent will not assert in any future proceedings that the Board's consideration of this Interim Consent Agreement constitutes bias, prejudice, prejudgment, or other similar defense.
- 8. Respondent understands that this Interim Consent Agreement is a public record that may be publicly disseminated as a formal action of the Board, and that it shall be reported as required by law to the National Practitioner Data Bank.
- 9. Respondent understands that this Interim Consent Agreement does not alleviate Respondent's responsibility to comply with the applicable license-renewal statutes and rules. If this Interim Consent Agreement remains in effect at the time Respondent's allopathic medical license comes up for renewal, Respondent must renew the license if Respondent wishes to retain the license. If Respondent elects not to renew

DATED:

December 28, 2020