BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation Against:))
DEREK A. OTT, M.D.) File No. 06-2006-178587
Physician's and Surgeon's)
Certificate No. A61601)
Respondent.)
	DECISION

The attached **Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order** is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on May 18, 2009

IT IS SO ORDERED April 17, 2009

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

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Barbara Yaroslavsky

Chair, Panel B

	1	EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Attorney General		
	. 2	of the State of California JUDITH T. ALVARADO, State Bar No. 155307		
	3	Deputy Attorney General 300 South Spring Street, Suite 1702		
	4	Los Angeles, California 90013 Telephone: (213) 576-7149		
	5	Facsimile: (213) 897-9395		
,	6	Attorneys for Complainant		
. 7		BEFORE		
,	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA BETT DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAI		SUMER AFFAIRS	
	9	STATE OF CAL	IFORNIA	
	10	In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation	Case No. 06-2006-178587	
	11	Against:	OAH No. 2008090566	
	12	DEREK A. OTT, M.D.	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND	
	13	10850 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 200 Los Angeles, California 90024	DISCIPLINARY ORDER	
	14	Physician's & Surgeon's Certificate A61601,		
	15	Respondent.		
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	17	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the parties to		
	18	the above-entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:		
	19	<u>PARTIF</u>	<u>es</u>	
	20	Barbara Johnston (Complaina	ant) is the Executive Director of the Medical	
	21	Board of California (Board). She brought this action	n solely in her official capacity and is	
	22	represented in this matter by Edmund G. Brown Jr.,	Attorney General of California, by Judith T.	
	23	Alvarado, Deputy Attorney General.		
	24	2. Derek A. Ott, M.D. (Respond	lent) is represented in this proceeding by	
	25	attorney Joseph P. Furman 9701 Wilshire Blvd., 10t	th Floor, Beverly Hills, California 90212.	
	26	3. On or about February 7, 1997	t, the Board issued Physician's and Surgeon's	
	27	Certificate No. A61601 to Derek A. Ott, M.D. This	license was in full force and effect at all	
	28	times relevant to the charges brought in the First Ar	nended Accusation No. 06-2006-178587 and	
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JURISDICTION

4. On July 30, 2008, Accusation No. 06-2006-178587 was filed against Respondent. Respondent filed a Notice of Defense contesting the charges. On February 9, 2009, First Amended Accusation No. 06-2006-178587 was filed before the Board and is currently pending against Respondent. The First Amended Accusation and all other statutorily required documents were properly served on Respondent on February 9, 2009. A copy of the First Amended Accusation No. 06-2006-178587 is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

ADVISEMENT AND WAIVERS

- 5. Respondent has carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the charges and allegations in the First Amended Accusation No. 06-2006-178587. Respondent has also carefully read, fully discussed with counsel, and understands the effects of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order.
- 6. Respondent is fully aware of his legal rights in this matter, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations in the First Amended Accusation; the right to be represented by counsel at his own expense; the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him; the right to present evidence and to testify on his own behalf; the right to the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents; the right to reconsideration and court review of an adverse decision; and all other rights accorded by the California Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable laws.
- 7. Respondent voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently waives and gives up each and every right set forth above.

CULPABILITY

8. For the purposes of resolving this matter, Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate is subject to discipline for violation of Business and Professions Code 2234 (c) as alleged in the Second Cause for Discipline of the First Amended Accusation and he agrees to be bound by the Board's imposition of discipline as set forth in the

Disciplinary Order below.

CIRCUMSTANCES IN MITIGATION

9. Respondent Derek A. Ott, M.D. is board certified in both adult psychiatry and child and adolescent psychiatry and has never been the subject of any disciplinary action or medical malpractice litigation, despite being routinely called upon to care for very complicated patients with multiple diagnoses, such as the patient in this case.

RESERVATION

10. The admissions made by Respondent herein are only for the purposes of this proceeding, or any other proceedings in which the Board or other professional licensing agency is involved, and shall not be admissible in any other criminal, civil or other proceeding.

CONTINGENCY

- California. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Medical Board of California may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 12. The parties understand and agree that facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.
- 13. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

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DISCIPLINARY ORDER

In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

1. PUBLIC REPRIMAND

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A61601, issued to Derek A. Ott, M.D. is hereby Publically Reprimanded pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 2227, subdivision (a)(4). This Public Reprimand is issued in connection with Respondent's care and treatment of patient E.F. as set forth in First Amended Accusation No. 06-2006-178587, is as follows:

Between June 9, 2004 and June 30, 2004, you committed acts constituting repeated negligent acts in violation of Business and Professions Code section 2234, subdivision (c), in your care and treatment of a very complicated patient with multiple diagnoses, by failing to adequately and appropriately obtain and review lithium blood level readings on two occasions for patient E.F., as set forth in First Amended Accusation No. 06-2006-178587.

2. PACE CLINICAL TRAINING PROGRAM

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a clinical training or educational program equivalent to the Physician Assessment and Clinical Education Program (PACE) offered at the University of California - San Diego School of Medicine ("Program").

The Program shall consist of a Comprehensive Assessment program comprised of a two-day assessment of Respondent's physical and mental health; basic clinical and communication skills common to all clinicians; and medical knowledge, skill and judgment pertaining to Respondent's specialty or sub-specialty, and at minimum, a 40 hour program of clinical education in the area of practice in which respondent was alleged to be deficient and which takes into account data obtained from the assessment, Decision(s), Accusation(s), and any

other information that the Division or its designee deems relevant. Respondent shall pay all expenses associated with the clinical training program.

Based on Respondent's performance and test results in the assessment and clinical education, the Program will advise the Division or its designee of its recommendation(s) for the scope and length of any additional educational or clinical training, treatment for any medical condition, treatment for any psychological condition, or anything else affecting Respondent's practice of medicine. Respondent shall comply with Program recommendations.

At the completion of any additional educational or clinical training, Respondent shall submit to and pass an examination. The Program's determination whether or not Respondent passed the examination or successfully completed the Program shall be binding.

Failure to participate in and successfully complete all phases of the clinical training program outlined above shall constitute unprofessional conduct and is grounds for further disciplinary action.

days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll, at his own expense, in a course in prescribing practices, approved in advance by the Board or its designee. The PACE prescribing course offered at the University of California - San Diego School of Medicine is an approved course. Respondent shall successfully complete said course no later than six months after his initial enrollment unless the Board or its designee agrees in writing to a later time for completion. Respondent may satisfy this term by successfully completing said course prior to the effective date of the Decision adopting this Stipulated Settlement. Upon successfully completing said course, Respondent agrees to forward, no later than 15 days after successfully completing the course, a copy of the Certificate of Successful Completion of the course to the Board or its designee.

Failure to participate in and successfully complete the prescribing practices course outlined above shall constitute unprofessional conduct and is grounds for further disciplinary action.

4. MEDICAL RECORD-KEEPING COURSE Within sixty (60) calendar

days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll, at his own expense, in course in medical record keeping, approved in advance by the Board or its designee. The PACE medical record keeping course offered at the University of California - San Diego School of Medicine is an approved course. Respondent shall successfully complete said course no later than six months after his initial enrollment unless the Board or its designee agrees in writing to a later time for completion. Respondent may satisfy this term by successfully completing said course prior to the effective date of the Decision adopting this Stipulated Settlement. Upon successfully completing said course, Respondent agrees to forward, no later than 15 days after successfully completing the course, a copy of the Certificate of Successful Completion of the course to the Board or its designee.

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Failure to participate in and successfully complete the medical record-keeping course outlined above shall constitute unprofessional conduct and is grounds for further disciplinary action.

ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Joseph P. Furman, Esq. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

DEREK A. OFF, M.W.
Respondent

1	I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Derek A. Ott, M.D. the terms
2	and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary
3	Order. I approve its form and content.
4	DATED: EB. 20, 2009
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6	TOOPPOLIN ELIVATION
7	Attorney for Despondent
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9	<u>ENDORSEMENT</u>
10	The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectful
11	submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California of the Department of Consumer
12	Affairs.
13	DATED: 2/20/2009
14	EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Attorney General of the State of California
15	~ 16
16 17	JUDITH T. ALVARADO Deputy Attorney General
18	Attorneys for Complainant
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FILED STATE OF CALIFORNIA MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

SACRAMENTOX February 13

EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Attorney General of the State of California JUDITH T. ALVARADO, State Bar No. 155307

Deputy Attorney General

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Attorneys for Complainant

BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS** STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the First Amended Accusation Against: DEREK A. OTT, M.D.

10850 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 200 Los Angeles, California 90024 Physician and Surgeon's Certificate No. A61601

Respondent.

Case No. 06-2006-178587 OAH No. 2008090566

FIRST AMENDED ACCUSATION

Complainant alleges:

PARTIES

- Barbara Johnston ("Complainant") brings this First Amended Accusation 1. solely in her official capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs ("Board").
- On or about February 7. 1997, the Board issued Physician and Surgeon's Certificate number A61601 to Derek A. Ott, M.D. ("Respondent"). That license was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on February 28, 2011, unless renewed.

JURISDICTION

3. This First Amended Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

4. Section 2227 of the Code provides that a licensee who is found guilty under the Medical Practice Act may have his or her license revoked, suspended for a period not to exceed one year, placed on probation and required to pay the costs of probation monitoring, or such other action taken in relation to discipline as the Board deems proper.

5. Section 2234 of the Code states:

"The Division! of Medical Quality shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- "(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter [Chapter 5, the Medical Practice Act].
 - "(b) Gross negligence.
 - "(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
 - "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
 - "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the

^{1.} California Business and Professions Code section 2002, as amended and effective January J. 2008, provides that, unless otherwise expressly provided, the term "board" as used in the State Medical Practice Act (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code. §§§§ 2000, et seq.) means the "Medical Board of California," and references to the "Division of Medical Quality" and "Division of Licensing" in the Act or any other provision of law shall be deemed to refer to the Board.

standard of care.

"(d) Incompetence.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Gross Negligence - Patient E.F. a.k.a. E.N.²)

- 6. Respondent is a board-certified psychiatrist who has special interest in the sub-specialty of psychopharmacology and in the treatment of patients with the dual diagnosis of developmental disabilities and psychiatric disorders. In April 2004, Respondent was a consultant / medical director of the Bungalows section of the Community Care Center (a locked psychiatric facility for adult resident patients) in Duarte, California.
- 7. E.F. was a 43-year-old female conservatee of Los Angeles County. She had been a resident patient at the Bungalows since February 5, 2004.
- 8. Respondent provided psychiatric treatment to E.F. at the Bungalows commencing on April 14, 2004 and concluding on June 30, 2004. During that time, Respondent treated E.F. eight times. At the initial session, Respondent noted that E.F. had a history of chronic psychosis with assaultive and sexually inappropriate behavior. She also suffered with hallucinations. E.F. had a host of medical illnesses as well, including diabetes and hypertension. Respondent noted that E.F.'s daily medications included neurontin³, cogentin⁴, an iron supplement, levoxyl⁵ and vasotec⁶. At this first visit, Respondent diagnosed E.F. with Psychosis Not Otherwise Specified (NOS), rule out Chronic Paranoid Schizophrenia (CPS), and mild

^{2.} In this Accusation, the patient is referred to by initial. The patient's full name and alias will be disclosed to Respondent when discovery is provided, pursuant to Government Code section 11507.6

^{3.} Also known as Gabapentin, a medication originally developed for the treatment of epilepsy. Gabapentin has also been used in the treatment of bipolar disorder.

^{4.} Also known as Benztropine mesylate, an anticholinergic drug principally used for the treatment of drug-induced Parkinsonism, akathisia and acute dystonia.

^{5.} Also known as Levothyroxine, a synthetic form of thyroxine (thyroid hormone).

^{6.} Also known as Enalapril, an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor used in the treatment of hypertension.

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9. At his second session with Respondent on May 5, 2004, E.F. was noted to be more stable, however, she still had significant mood issues. Respondent's diagnosis remained unchanged. Because E.F.'s white blood cell count had decreased, a potential side effect of the clozaril, the medication was discontinued. Respondent next saw E.F. on May 19, 2004. At this visit, she was again noted to be more stable. However, she had experienced a pseudoseizure⁹. At this time, Respondent's diagnosis of E.F.'s condition was Psychosis NOS.

Respondent saw E.F. on May 26, 2004. At this visit, she was more labile 10. and agitated and was threatening to the staff at the Bungalows. Respondent noted that E.F. was manifesting tremors of her upper extremities, which he thought was secondary to haldol¹⁰, which was given as needed to control E.F.'s assaultive behavior. Respondent's diagnosis remained unchanged. He prescribed trazodone¹¹ to treat sleeplessness, klonopin¹² to treat her mania, and abilify¹³ a mood stabilizer. Respondent discontinued the haldol because of the tremor and replaced it with geodon¹⁴.

> At the June 2, 2004, session Respondent noted that E.F. remained labile, 11.

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7. Also known as Valproic Acid, a mood-stabilizing drug, used in the treatment of bipolar disorder, clinical depression and schizophrenia.

- 9. A psychogenic non-epileptic (non-electrical) seizure.
- 10. Also known as Haloperidol, a typical butyrophenone antipsychotic used in the treatment of schizophrenia, acute psychotic states and delirium.
 - 11. Trazodone is a psychoactive compound with sedative, anxiolytic, and antidepressant properties.
- 12. Also known as Clonazepam, a benzodiazepine derivative, is an anticonvulsant and anxiolytic used for the treatment of mania.
- 13. Also known as Aripiprazole, an atypical antipsychotic medication used for the treatment of schizophrenia, acute manic and mixed episodes associated with bipolar disorder, as well as treatment of depression.
- 14. Also known as Ziprasidone, an atypical antipsychotic used to treat schizophrenia and for the acute treatment of mania and mixed states associated with bipolar disorder.

^{8.} Also known as Clozapine, an atypical antipsychotic medication used for treatment-resistant schizophrenia.

aggressive, verbally abusive and destructive. She was delusional, believing that she was pregnant, despite the fact that she was menstruating. Respondent characterized E.F. as very psychotic and very manic. His diagnosis remained unchanged; he increased the ability to treat the psychosis and stabilize her mood.

- 12. Respondent's sixth session with E.F. occurred on June 9, 2004. At this visit Respondent noted that E.F. was not doing well. She remained verbally abusive, labile, assaultive and was sexually focused. At this session Respondent's impression was that E.F. was suffering from a schizoaffective bipolar affective disorder (SAD BAD) versus schizophrenia. Because E.F. was receiving the maximum dosage of depakote as evidenced by her blood serum level of 114.9 (therapeutic level is 50-100 mcg/ml), she was not responding to the ability, and the neurontin was not very therapeutic, Respondent decided to discontinue the neurontin and add lithium¹⁵ to E.F.'s medication regimen. Accordingly, lithium, 300 mg, twice per day, was ordered. A Lithium Protocol sheet was initiated for E.F. and was signed by Respondent. The protocol calls for lab tests to be ordered when a patient is started on lithium, however, if the labs have already been done, as in this case, the lab tests do not need to be repeated.

 Notwithstanding, a lithium level is to be drawn once a month unless otherwise specified, as well as a complete blood count, basic metabolic panel and a thyroid-stimulating-hormone test.
- therapeutically useful amounts of lithium (0.5 to 1.2 meq/L) are only slightly lower than toxic amounts (>1.5 meq/L), it is very important, and the standard of care requires, that serum levels of lithium be carefully monitored during treatment to avoid toxicity and death. It is also important to note that E.F. was taking vasotec to treat her hypertension. As stated in footnote 6, vasotec is an ACE inhibitor. The FDA indicates that lithium toxicity has been reported in patients receiving lithium concomitantly with drugs which cause elimination of sodium. including ACE inhibitors. A few cases of lithium toxicity have been reported in patients receiving concomitant vasotec and lithium and were reversible upon discontinuation of both

^{15.} Lithium salts are mood stabilizers and are used in the treatment of bipolar disorder.

drugs. It is recommended that serum lithium levels be monitored frequently if vasotec is administered concomitantly with lithium. The results of E.F.'s lithium level was 1.1 meq/L. This result is striking in a patient such as E.F. without any obvious renal impairment and indicates a problem with her clearance of lithium. The standard of care requires that this level be noted and that extra caution be taken in further treatment with lithium. The staff of the Bungalows did not report this lithium level to Respondent until after June 23, 2004.

- 14. At Respondent's next session with E.F. on June 23, 2004, she was noted to be somewhat less manic, less sexually focused and more depressed, which indicated to Respondent that E.F. was responding to the lithium. She remained, however, aggressive, assaultive and verbally abusive. Respondent also noted that E.F. had a mild tremor. Respondent's diagnosis remained unchanged. Without checking E.F.'s serum lithium level, Respondent doubled E.F's dose of lithium from 300 mg, twice a day to 600 mg, twice a day. He felt that clinically, E.F. was responding to the lithium but required a higher dose. The standard of care is to have the patient on the lowest dose and blood level of lithium necessary to obtain a good therapeutic response as side effects correlate with higher lithium levels. The severity of a patient's manic symptoms does not indicate what level within the therapeutic range of 0.5 to 1.2 meq/L the patient will require for therapeutic benefits. On June 23, 2004, Respondent should have ordered a serum lithium level prior to doubling the dose or, at the very least, he should have ordered that a serum lithium level be obtained between four to five days after the increased dose was initiated.
- 15. Respondent's final session with E.F. took place on June 30, 2004. He noted that E.F. was more depressed, and she was more anxious and fearful. She was also becoming more delusional and confused. She was refusing to eat, had a stooped gait and had a tremor. He further noted that E.F. was "hard [to] understand." The patient monitoring notes also indicate that E.F. had been refusing most of her meals since June 9, 2004, and she had episodes of diarrhea and vomiting and was refusing her medications at an increasing level. Moreover, on June 30th the clinical psychologist noted that E.F.'s speech and thought pattern were incoherent and illogical. The side effect of lithium include gastrointestinal discomfort, nausea, vertigo,

- monitoring staff to be disoriented. E.F. stated that she was unable to get out of bed. She was incontinent of stool. She refused breakfast and most of her morning medications, she did, however, allow her blood to be drawn for testing¹⁷. Her serum glucose level remained elevated despite receiving insulin. Both Respondent and E.F.'s primary care physician were called by the staff at the Bungalows and updated on E.F.'s condition. An order was ultimately given by the covering primary care physician to transport E.F. to the emergency department at Arcadia Methodist Hospital.
- 17. E.F. was taken to Arcadia Methodist Hospital by ambulance and arrived at that facility at approximately 1:00 p.m. There, the treating physician, Dr. Ho, noted that E.F. was brought to the emergency department due to a change in mental status. A serum lithium level was obtained and was noted to be extremely elevated at 5.07 meq/L. E.F. was admitted to the CCU and various speciality consults were obtained. Following admission to the CCU, E.F. became obtunded.
- 18. On July 2, 2004, she developed increasing shortness of breath; a pulmonary consult was therefore obtained. The pulmonologist intubated E.F. Five minutes later, she developed cardiac arrest. Despite resuscitation efforts, E.F. expired. Her serum lithium level was 4.17 meq/L.
 - 19. Because E.F. died less than 24 hours after admission to the hospital, an

^{16.} A neurological sign and symptom consisting of gross incoordination of muscle movements.

^{17.} The lithium level which Respondent ordered the day before was sent to the laboratory. The results were printed at 9:07 p.m. The lithium level was reported as 4.2 meg/L, a toxic level. Respondent was advised of the toxic lithium level on July 2, 2004, at 1:00 p.m.

PRATER
WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters
herein alleged, and that following the hearing, Board issue a decision:
Revoking or suspending Physician and Surgeon's Certificate Number
A61601, issued to Derek A. Ott, M.D
2 If placed on probation, ordering him to pay the costs of probation

- on probation, ordering him to pay the costs of probation monitoring;
- 3. Prohibiting him from supervising physicians assistants pursuant to section 3527 of the Code; and
 - Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper. 4.

DATED: February 13, 2009

Executive Director Medical Board of California Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant

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