COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF STATE BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL AFFAIRS

BEFORE THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICINE

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL AFFAIRS

VS.

RITA ANNA-MARIA KRICHEVSKY

CASE NO. 18-49-011140

FINAL ADJUDICATION AND ORDER

K. KALONJI JOHNSON COMMISSIONER BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL AFFAIRS

MARK B. WOODLAND, M.S., M.D. CHAIR
STATE BOARD OF MEDICINE

2601 North Third Street P.O. Box 69523 Harrisburg, PA 17016-9523

DMW

This matter comes before the State Board of Medicine ("Board") following the Board's issuance of a *Memorandum Order* on February 20, 2020. The matter commenced on May 21, 2019, when the Commonwealth presented a *Petition to Compel a Mental and Physical Examination* ("Petition"), of Rita Anna-Maria Krichevsky ("Respondent"), to the Board's *Probable Cause Screening Committee* ("Committee").

The *Petition* alleged that there was probable cause to believe that Respondent is unable to practice the profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or mental incompetence as prohibited by the Medical Practice Act of 1985, act of December 20, 1985, P.L. 457, No. 112, ("Act"), 63 P.S. §§ 422.1-422.53, and specifically at section 41(5)² of the Act, 63 P.S. § 422.41(5).

Section 41. Reasons for refusal, revocation, suspension or other corrective actions against a licensee or certificate holder

The board shall have authority to impose disciplinary or corrective measures on a board-regulated practitioner for any or all of the following reasons:

* * *

The members of the Board that participated on the Probable Cause Screening Committee in this matter were Paul Joseph Valigorsky, II, MD, and Joseph Losee, MD. Other than making the initial determination to order the mental/physical examination, the members of the Probable Cause Screening Committee have recused themselves from further consideration of this matter and are no longer members of the Board.

² Section 41 of the Act, 63 P.S. § 422.41(5), provides as follows:

⁽⁵⁾ Being unable to practice the profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, addiction to drugs or alcohol, having been convicted of a felonious act prohibited by the Act... known as The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act, or convicted of a felony related to a controlled substance in a court of law of the United States or any other state, territory, possession, or country, or if he or she shall become mentally incompetent. ... In enforcing this paragraph, the Board shall, upon probable cause, have authority to compel a practitioner to submit to a mental or physical examination by a physician or a psychologist approved by the Board. Failure of a practitioner to submit to such examination when directed by the Board, unless such failure is due to circumstances beyond his or her control, shall constitute an admission of the allegations against him or her, consequent upon which a default and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. A practitioner affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume a competent practice of his or her profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

On May 21, 2019, the Committee issued an Order Compelling Mental and Physical Examination ("Order") requiring Respondent to submit to a mental and physical examination (the "Examination") with George E. Woody, M.D. ("Dr. Woody"), in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. A Notice of Mental and Physical Examination ("Notice") accompanied the Order advising that the examination would be conducted by Dr. Woody on June 26, 2019, at 6:00 p.m. and advising that if Respondent had an unavoidable conflict with the scheduled examination date and time, that Respondent was required to contact the prosecuting attorney to have the examination rescheduled. The Petition, Notice and Order advised that should Respondent fail to undergo an ordered mental and physical examination, Respondent would be subject to disciplinary action and costs of investigation for violating a lawful Board Order under 63 P.S. § 2205(b)(1).3 On May 21, 2019, the Commonwealth mailed the *Petition*, *Notice* and *Order* to Respondent's address on file with the Board, PO Box 6443, Lawrenceville, NJ 08648, via the United States Postal Service (USPS) by first-class mail, postage prepaid, and by certified mail, return receipt requested, tracking number 9171 9690 0935 0196 2199 17. The Petition, Notice and Order mailed by certified mail, tracking number 9171 9690 0935 0196 2199 17 was delivered to and signed for by Respondent and/or Respondent's agent at Respondent's address on file with the Board. Respondent did not appear for her scheduled examination with Dr. Woody on June 26, 2019.

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³ § 2205. Civil penalties

⁽b) **(b) Additional powers.--**In addition to the disciplinary powers and duties of the boards and commissions within the Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs under their respective practice acts, boards and commissions shall have the power, respectively:

⁽¹⁾ To impose discipline, including, but not limited to, a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per violation on any licensee or unlicensed person who violates a lawful disciplinary order of the board.

On June 27, 2019, the Commonwealth filed a *Motion to Enter Default and Deem Facts Admitted* ("Motion") alleging that Respondent received the *Petition, Notice* and *Order* and that Respondent did not appear for the examination on June 26, 2019, as required by the Board's *Order*. The *Motion* was mailed to Respondent's address on file with the Board. Respondent did not respond to the Commonwealth's *Motion*. On February 20, 2020, the Board issued a *Memorandum Order* finding Respondent in default for failing to undergo the examination as ordered by the Committee on the Board's behalf. The *Memorandum Order* notified Respondent that the Board would indefinitely suspend her license and other authorizations to practice the profession if she failed to file an *Answer* or request a hearing within twenty (20) days. The *Memorandum Order*, like the *Petition, Notice* and *Order* was mailed to Respondent at her address on file with the Board, PO Box 6443, Lawrenceville, NJ 08648. The Board, with the exclusion of the Committee, now issues this *Final Adjudication and Order* in resolution of this matter.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. At all times relevant and material, Respondent held a license issued by the Board to practice as a medical physician and surgeon, license no. MD060435L. (Board Records, Petition at ¶ 1)
- 2. Respondent's license is currently suspended. (Board Records; *Memorandum Order* dated February 20, 2020 for Case No. 18-49-011140)
- 3. Respondent's last known address on file with the Board is: PO Box 6443, Lawrenceville, NJ 08648. (Board records, Petition at ¶ 3)
- 4. A complaint from a Deputy Attorney General from the New Jersey Department of Law & Public Safety was received, which states that Respondent had been involuntarily committed to

a mental health institution via a 302 Order from a medical provider on October 30, 2018. (Petition at ¶ 5)

- 5. The 302 commitment was extended two additional weeks with a recommendation for it to be followed by a thirty-day commitment order. However, Respondent filed a petition to review the commitment extension in Montgomery County Court of Common Pleas, Civil Division No. 18-81822, which was granted by the Court. (Petition at ¶ 6)
 - 6. Respondent was released from commitment as of November 19, 2018. (Petition at ¶ 7)
- 7. On or about February 26, 2019, the State of New Jersey, Department of Law and Public Safety, Division of Consumer Affairs, State Board of Medical Examiners issued an *Order of Temporary Suspension of License* for Respondent's New Jersey license to practice medicine and surgery in the State of New Jersey, license no. 25MA09966100. (Petition at ¶ 8)
- 8. On May 21, 2019, the Board's *Probable Cause Screening Committee* issued an *Order* directing Respondent to attend a mental and physical examination with Dr. Woody in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on June 26, 2019, at 6:00 p.m. (Motion at ¶¶ 2-3).
- 9. On May 21, 2019, the Commonwealth mailed the *Petition, Order* and *Notice* by first-class mail, postage prepaid, and by certified mail, return receipt requested, tracking number 9171 9690 0935 0196 2199 17, to Respondent at her address on file with the Board, PO Box 6443, Lawrenceville NJ 08648. (Motion at ¶ 5, Order at Certificate of Service).
- 10. The Commonwealth obtained electronic proof that the certified mail for tracking number 9171 9690 0935 0196 2199 17 was delivered and signed for by Respondent and/or Respondent's agent at her address on file with the Board. The first-class mailing was not returned to the Commonwealth. (Motion at ¶ 6, Exhibit B)

- 11. Respondent did not appear for the mental and physical examination as ordered. (Motion at $\P 8$)
- 12. The Commonwealth incurred \$600 in costs as a result of Respondent's failure to appear at the mental and physical examination with Dr. Woody. (Motion at ¶ 10, Exhibit D)
- 13. On June 27, 2019, the Commonwealth filed a *Motion to Enter Default and Deem Facts Admitted (MDFA)* and mailed it via USPS by first-class mail to Respondent's address on file with the Board, PO Box 6443, Lawrenceville NJ 08648. (MDFA at *Certificate of Service*)
- 14. On February 20, 2020, the Board issued a *Memorandum Order* granting the Commonwealth's MDFA and mailed it to Respondent's address on file with the Board, PO Box 6443, Lawrenceville NJ 08648. (Memorandum Order at *Certificate of Service*)
- 15. The *Memorandum Order* notified Respondent that if she did not file an Answer or request a hearing to challenge the validity of the order compelling the examination or to contest the allegations of the *MDFA* within twenty (20) days of the date of the *Memorandum Order*, the Board would indefinitely suspend her license (i.e. effective Wednesday, March 11, 2020). (*Memorandum Order*)
- 16. Respondent did not file an *Answer* or request a hearing. (Docket entries, Case No. 18-49-011140)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- The Board has jurisdiction over Respondent in this matter. (Findings of Fact Nos.
 1-2).
- 2. Respondent has been afforded reasonable notice of the requirement that she submit to a mental and physical examination, including the possibility of licensure suspension for failure to comply, and has been afforded an opportunity to be heard in accordance with the Administrative Agency Law, 2 Pa.C.S. § 504. (Findings of Fact Nos. 1-3, 9-10, 13-16).
- 3. In that Respondent did not undergo the ordered mental and physical examination, Respondent violated a Board Order thereby subjecting her to the imposition of a disciplinary sanctions, civil penalty up to \$10,000 per violation and the costs of investigation under 63 P.S. § 2205(b)(1) and Section 42 of the Act, 63 P.S. § 422.42. (Findings of Fact Nos. 8-12)
- 4. In that Respondent, a medical physician and surgeon, was committed via a 302 Order from a Medical Provider and had her license to practice medicine and surgery in the state of New Jersey suspended, Respondent is subject to the imposition of a disciplinary sanction under 41(5) of the Act, 63 P.S. § 63 P.S. § 422.41(5), for being unable to practice the profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or mental incompetence. (Findings of Fact Nos. 4-7).

DISCUSSION

Due Process

Respondent did not file an *Answer* contesting the allegations of the *Motion* or challenging the validity of the *Order* compelling her to undergo a mental and physical examination despite having been given a chance to do so. Under the foregoing circumstances, the Board must first determine whether Respondent has been afforded the appropriate due process to permit it to render a final decision based on the merits in this case. If Respondent was made sufficiently aware of the charges against her and the procedures by which she can defend herself, then her due process rights were adequately protected. *Clark* v. *Department of Public Welfare*, 427 A.2d 712 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1981); *Celane* v. *Insurance Commissioner*, 415 A.2d 130 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1980). *See also, Gutman* v. *State Dental Council and Examining Board*, 463 A.2d 114 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1983).

Section 33.31 of the General Rules of Administrative Practice and Procedure ("GRAPP"),

1 Pa. Code § 33.31, authorizes service by mail. "Notice of administrative action which is mailed to the interested parties' last known address has been found to be reasonable notice." *Kobylski* v.

Milk Marketing Board, 516 A.2d 75, 77 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1986), citing Yarbrough v. Department of Public Welfare, 478 A.2d 956 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1984). "Constitutionally adequate notice of administrative action is notice which is reasonably calculated to apprise interested parties of the pendency of the action and afford them an opportunity to present their objections." Milford Township Board of Supervisors v. Department of Environmental Resources, 165 Pa. Cmwlth. 14, 18, 644 A.2d 217, 219 (1994).

In this case, the *Petition, Notice*, and *Order* notified Respondent of the allegations against her, the procedure to challenge those allegations and the consequences of failing to file a timely response. The charge that Respondent is unable to practice the profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or mental incompetence was contained in the *Petition*,

Notice, and Order. In compliance with section 41(5) of the Act, 63 P.S. § 422.41(5), the Order required Respondent to undergo a mental and physical evaluation to assist the Board in assessing whether Respondent truly is unable to practice the profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or mental incompetence, as alleged. The Order further advised Respondent that failure to attend the evaluation would constitute a violation of a lawful order of the Board and an admission of the allegations contained in the Petition.

The Commonwealth mailed the *Petition, Notice* and *Order* to Respondent at her address on file with the Board via USPS by first-class and certified mail, return-receipt requested, tracking number 9171 9690 0935 0196 2199 17. Respondent received the *Petition, Notice* and *Order* as evidenced by the signature of Respondent and/or Respondent's agent at Respondent's address on file with the Board. Even though Respondent received reasonable notice of the Board's requirement that she attends a mental and physical evaluation, Respondent failed or refused to appear for the examination with George Woody, M.D. ("Dr. Woody"), in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on June 26, 2019, at 6:00 p.m. as required by the *Order* and accompanying *Notice*.

Subsequent to Respondent's failure to attend the mental and physical examination, on June 26, 2019 the Commonwealth also filed and served upon Respondent a *Motion to Deem Facts Admitted (MDFA)* alleging that Respondent had been ordered to attend the mental and physical evaluation and that Respondent failed to comply with the *Order*, and requesting that the Board deem the allegations in the *Petition* as admitted. Respondent did not respond to the Commonwealth's *MDFA*.

On February 20, 2020, the Board issued a *Memorandum Order* in which Respondent was advised that the Board had granted the Commonwealth's *MDFA* and had deemed admitted the factual allegation in the *Petition*. The Board also advised Respondent of the procedure to file an

Answer, to challenge the validity of the order compelling the examination, and/or to contest the allegations in the MDFA. The Memorandum Order further notified Respondent that if she did not file an Answer or request a hearing to challenge the validity of the order compelling the examination or to contest the allegations of the MDFA within twenty (20) days of the date of the Memorandum Order, the Board would indefinitely suspend her license, effective Wednesday, March 11, 2020. The Memorandum Order was sent to Respondent's address on file with the Board.

Having determined that Respondent received sufficient notice of the actions against her, the Board is also satisfied by the record that Respondent also received an opportunity to challenge the charge and defend herself. The *Petition* alleged (and the Committee found) that there was probable cause to establish that she is unable to safely practice as a medical physician and surgeon. The Board, through its Committee, required Respondent to submit to a mental and physical examination. Further, the *Petition, Order* and *Notice* advised Respondent that if she failed to comply with the examination *Order*, the allegations in the *Petition* would be deemed admitted and that she may be subject to discipline. Specifically, Paragraph 7 of the Order advised:

Respondent's failure to comply with this Order, except for circumstances beyond h[er] control, shall constitute a violation of a lawful order of the Board under 63 P.S. § 2205(b)(1) and an admission of the allegations contained in the Petition to Compel Mental and Physical Examination upon which a Default and Final Order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. Such Final Order may result in the State Board of Medicine taking disciplinary or corrective action against Respondent including, but not limited to, license suspension, the imposition of a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per violation, and the costs of investigation.

(Paragraph 7, Order)

The last paragraph of the Notice advised:

Respondent's failure to submit to the above-scheduled examination, or to a rescheduled examination as agreed to by the Commonwealth's prosecuting attorney and Dr. Woody, shall constitute a violation of a lawful Order of the Board under 63 P.S. § 2205(b)(1) and an admission of the allegations set forth in the Commonwealth's Petition to Compel Mental and Physical Examination, upon which a Default and Final Order may be entered without the presentation of the testimony or other evidence, and may result in the State Board of Medicine taking disciplinary or corrective action against Respondent as authorized by the Medical

Practice Act, Act of December 20, 1985, P.L. 457, No. 112 ("Act") including the imposition of a civil penalty and the imposition of costs of any investigation.

In its February 20, 2020 *Memorandum Order*, the Board delineated in detail the procedure by which Respondent could challenge the validity of the *Order* and/or contest the allegation on the *MDFA*, the mechanics of the hearing process, and the penalty for inaction. Specifically, the Memorandum Order provided:

The indefinite suspension will become effective unless, within twenty (20) days of the mailing of this Order, Respondent files an Answer and a written request for a hearing to challenge the validity of the Order compelling the examination or to contest the allegations of the Motion to Deem Facts Admitted.

(Memorandum Order, docket for Case No. 18-49-011140).

The Memorandum Order further advised that:

[i]f a request for hearing and answer are <u>not</u> filed within the time period set forth above, Respondent's license, along with all other authorizations to practice the profession issued by the State Board of Medicine to Respondent, will be **SUSPENDED INDEFINITELY** effective March 11, 2020 (20 days after the date of mailing of this order as indicated below) and Respondent will be responsible for the costs of investigation, including those costs associated with failing to attend the mental and physical examination. A final adjudication and order to that effect will be issued by the Board. (emphasis in original).

Despite being advised of the serious consequences of failing to submit to the examination and being provided with specific information about her due process rights, Respondent failed to respond to the *Memorandum Order*. The Board is therefore satisfied that Respondent has received adequate notice and an opportunity to be heard such that it may find her in default. Accordingly, the facts set forth in the Petition, are deemed admitted.

Discussion on the Merits

The Board must next determine what legal conclusion is appropriate given the facts deemed admitted. The Board's conclusion must be supported by substantial evidence. Substantial evidence is relevant evidence that a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion.

<u>Taterka v. Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs</u>, 882 A.2d 1040, 1044 n.4 (Pa. Cmwlth. 2005). The facts deemed admitted establish that Respondent was involuntarily committed to a mental health institution in the state of New Jersey via a 302 Order from a medical provider on October 30, 2018. In addition, the 302 commitment was extended two additional weeks with a recommendation for it to be followed by a thirty-day commitment order. The evidence further establishes that on February 26, 2019, the State of New Jersey, Department of Law and Public Safety, Division of Consumer Affairs, State Board of Medical Examiners issued an *Order of Temporary Suspension of License* for Respondent's New Jersey license to practice medicine and surgery in the state of New Jersey.

Due to the above mental health issues and licensing matters, the Board ordered Respondent to submit to a mental and physical examination with Dr. Woody, but Respondent failed to attend as required by the Board Order. The Board is permitted to make reasonable inferences based upon the outlined deemed admitted facts. *Shrader v. Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs*, 673 A.2d 1 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1995) Given that Respondent was involuntarily committed and that her license was temporarily suspended in New Jersey, coupled with her failure to undergo the ordered mental and physical examination, the inference is reasonably deduced in this case that Respondent is not able to practice in the profession with reasonable skill and safety. As such, Respondent is subject to the imposition of a disciplinary sanction under Section 41(5) of the Act, 63 P.S. § 63 P.S. § 422.41(5) and 41(6) and 42 of the Board's Act, 63 P.S. §§ 422.41 and 422.42 and 63 P.S. § 2205(b)(1).

Sanction

In determining the appropriate sanction, the Board considers, as paramount, its duty to protect the public from practitioners who cannot safely practice. Respondent holds a license as a

medical physician and surgeon. A medical doctor is authorized to practice "the art and science of which the objectives are the cure of diseases and the preservation of the health of man, including the practice of the healing art with or without drugs..." Section 2 of the Act, 63 P.S. § 422.2 at Medical Doctor and Medicine and Surgery. It is abundantly clear that a medical doctor is a critical part of a patient's health care team whose errors committed while mentally impaired could result in significant harm or even death of the patients.

The Board has a statutory obligation to protect the public from practitioners who cannot practice with the requisite skill and safety due to mental illness and physical condition; and, therefore is required to rule on the Commonwealth's MDFA. Given the deemed admitted facts, the Board finds that it can only meet its obligation to protect the public is by suspending all authorizations to practice the profession issued by the Board to Respondent until such time as a) Respondent submits to a mental and physical evaluation by Dr. Woody or a comparably-credentialed Board-approved evaluator; b) the evaluator provides an opinion, to a reasonable degree of medical certainty, that Respondent is competent to resume practice as a medical physician and surgeon with reasonable skill and safety to patients; c) Respondent demonstrates at a hearing that she can resume competent care as a medical physician and surgeon with reasonable skill and safety to patients; and d) Respondent demonstrates at hearing that there are no other impediments to resuming active practice. In any petition for reinstatement Respondent shall also verify that she has not practiced as a medical physician and surgeon during the period of suspension and that she has completed all administrative requirements (e.g. mandatory continuing education) necessary for the reinstatement of her license. Additionally, in that the Commonwealth expended \$600 in costs associated with the missed evaluation, Respondent shall also pay that cost.

Given the circumstances in this case, the Board does not find the imposition of a civil penalty warranted.

Accordingly, the Board enters the following order:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF STATE BEFORE THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICINE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs

VS.

Case No.:

18-49-011140

Rita Anna-Maria Krichevsky, Respondent

FINAL ORDER

AND NOW, this 4th day of February, 2021, the State Board of Medicine ("Board"), upon consideration of the entire record in this matter, including the *Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law*, and *Discussion*, and in accordance with the *Memorandum Order* issued February 20, 2020, ORDERS that Respondent's license to practice as a medical physician and surgeon, license no. MD060435L, along with any other authorizations to practice the profession issued by the Board to Respondent be SUSPENDED INDEFINITELY, retroactive to Wednesday, March 11, 2020.

If Respondent has not already done so, within 10 days of the effective date of this Order, Respondent shall surrender the wall certificate, registration certificate, wallet card and other licensure documents by forwarding them to the following address: State Board of Medicine, Board Counsel, PO Box 69523, Harrisburg, PA 17106-9523. Respondent shall mail the \$600 in costs by cashier's check or money order, made payable to the "Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," to Board counsel within thirty (30) days of the date of mailing of this Order. Failure to timely pay the \$600 in costs may result in further disciplinary action.

Respondent may Petition the Board to reinstate her license by providing the following documentation:

- a. An evaluation and assessment from Dr. Woody, or similarly-credentialed physician approved by the Pennsylvania Health Monitoring Program (PHMP), concluding that Respondent is competent to resume practice with reasonable skill and safety to patients;
- b. A current Criminal History Record Information (a/k/a "Criminal Record Check") from a governmental agency from all states where Respondent has resided since the suspension, compiled no more than thirty (30) days prior to the petition for reinstatement; and
- c. A signed verification that Respondent has not practiced as a medical physician and surgeon since the suspension.
 - d. Proof of payment of the \$600 in costs.

Prior to reinstatement, Respondent must prove at a formal hearing before the Board or its designee that Respondent is capable of practicing as a medical physician and surgeon with reasonable skill and safety to patients. After the Board reinstates Respondent's license, it will be reinstated to inactive/expired status until Respondent completes all application administrative requirements. Upon reinstatement, Respondent may be required to participate in PHMP monitoring for a period to be determined by the Board based upon the evaluation and assessment.

This order shall take effect immediately. The suspension of Respondent's license was effective as of Wednesday, March 11, 2020.

BY ORDER:

BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL AFFAIRS

STATE BOARD OF MEDICINE

K. KALONJI JOHNSON COMMISSIONER MARK B. WOODLAND, M.S., M.D.

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CHAIR

Licensee: Rita Anna-Maria Krichevsky

PO Box 6443

Lawrenceville, NJ 08648

For the Commonwealth: Jason Anderson, Esquire

Board Counsel: Dana M. Wucinski, Esquire

Date of Mailing: February 9, 2021

NOTICE

The attached Adjudication and Order represents the final agency decision in this matter. It may be appealed to the Commonwealth Court of Pennsylvania by the filing of a Petition for Review with that Court within 30 days after the entry of the order in accordance with the Pennsylvania Rules of Appellate Procedure. See Chapter 15 of the Pennsylvania Rules of Appellate Procedure entitled "Judicial Review of Governmental Determinations," Pa. R.A.P 1501 – 1561. Please note: An order is entered on the date it is mailed. If you take an appeal to the Commonwealth Court, you must serve the State Board of Medicine with a copy of your Petition for Review. The agency contact for receiving service of such an appeal is:

Dana M. Wucinski, Esquire Board Legal Counsel State Board of Medicine P.O. Box 69523 Harrisburg, PA 17106-9523



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL

Dana M. Wucinski Assistant Counsel dwucinski@pa.gov Counsel Division

February 9, 2021

Via First-Class and Certified Mail

Via Interoffice Mail

Rita Anna-Maria Krichevsky PO Box 6443 Lawrenceville, NJ 08648 Jason Anderson, Esquire Prosecuting Attorney Department of State PO Box 69521 Harrisburg, PA 17106-9521

Re: Final Adjudication and Order:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Bureau of Professional and Occupational

Affairs vs. Rita Anna-Maria Krichevsky

Case No.: 18-49-011140

Dear Dr. Krichevsky and Attorney Anderson:

Enclosed please find a Final Adjudication and Order that the State Board of Medicine issued in the above-referenced matter. Please note that the verification of non-practice should not be completed and returned until Dr. Krichevsky satisfies the other requirements for reinstatement of her license as provided in the Order.

Sincerely,

Dana M. Wucinski Board Legal Counsel

State Board of Medicine

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DMW/dps Enclosure

cc: Suzanne Zerbe, Board Administrator

State Board of Medicine